# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Information



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**Product Code: L-223** 

Product Name: INK JET CLEANER
Not recommended for: Consumer Use

# Section 2 - Hazards Identification

**GHS Ratings** 

Flammable liquid 3 Flash point >= 23°C and <= 60°C (140°F)

**GHS Hazards** 

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour

**GHS Precautions** 

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking

P233 Keep container tightly closed

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/light/manufacturer/equipment

P242 Use only non-sparking tools

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN

with water [or shower].

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use ... to extinguish.
P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Signal Word: Warning



## **Acute Toxicity**

N/A

**Conditions Aggravated** 

N/A

**Chronic Effects** 

N/A

# Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS number	Weight Concentration %	
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	2.00%	

# Section 4 - First Aid Measures

INHALATION - Move affected person to fresh air, rest in a half upright position, and loosen clothing. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Seek medical advice after significant exposure.

EYE CONTACT - Flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Lift eyelids occasionally. Get prompt medical attention.

SKIN - Wash thoroughly with soap and water immediately. Remove all contaminated clothing immediately. Seek medical advice if irritation persists.

INGESTION - Seek medical advice. The decision to induce vomiting or not must be made by a physician after careful consideration of all material's ingested. Risk of aspiration into lungs.

# Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

#### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Carbon Dioxide---Dry Chemical---Foam---Water Fog Use water for cooling material stored in vicinity of fire.

#### **Explosion Hazards**

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to an ignition source some distance from material handling point. Ignition sources include pilot lights, smoking, heaters, electric motors, sparks from electrical switches and static discharges.

CAUTION: Never use cutting torch on empty containers! Residual solvent vapor in empty container may explode. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions, overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain Medical Attention.

## **Hazardous Combustion Products**

N/A

#### **Recommended Fire Equipment**

Use self-contained breathing apparatus with a full-face piece operated in a pressure-demand or other positive pressure mode. Wear protective clothing.

## Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

<u>Non-emergency personnel:</u> Evacuate and isolate the area and prevent access. Remove ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Notify management. Avoid breathing vapor or mist and put on protective equipment. Control source of the leak. Ventilate.

<u>Emergency responders:</u> See section 8 for any specialized clothing recommendations. Also reference the information for non-emergency personnel

<u>Environmental precautions:</u> Prevent further leakage or spillage if possible. Do not allow the material to spread to drains, sewers, water supplies, or soil. Contact **PANNIER CORP** (412-323-4900) for assistance and advice.

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<u>Small Spill:</u> Stop leak if possible and move containers from the spill area. Water soluble: dilute with water and mop up. Water Insoluble: Cover spill area with a suitable absorbent inert material (Kitty Litter, Oil-Dri, etc.) and dispose of in an appropriate metal waste container. Dispose of material through a licensed waste disposal contractor.

<u>Large Spill:</u> Stop leak if possible and move containers from the spill area. Approach release from upwind. Contain spillage and with non-combustible absorbent material and place in appropriate disposal container according to local regulations. Dispose of material through a licensed waste disposal contractor. Report spill to appropriate governing agencies if applicable.

**PANNIER** requires that **INFOTRAC** be immediately notified (800-535-5053) when this product is unintentionally released from its container during its course of distribution, regardless of the amount released. Distribution includes transportation, storage incidental to transportation, loading and unloading. Such notification must be immediate and made by the person have knowledge of the release.

## Section 7 - Handling and Storage

## **Precautions for Safe Handling**

Keep away from food, drink and heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Do not breathe vapor. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Never use pressure to empty. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage temperature-

Minimum: do not freeze Maximum: 40°C (104°F)

Storage Period- See technical data sheet.

# Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits
Isopropyl alcohol 67-63-0	400 ppm TWA; 980 mg/m3 TWA	400 ppm STEL 200 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 400 ppm TWA; 980 mg/m3 TWA 500 ppm STEL; 1225 mg/m3 STEL

Engineering Controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other controls to keep air containment concentration below current applicable OSHA permissible exposure limit or ACGIH TLV limit, and volatiles below lower explosive limit. Heavy solvent vapors should be removed from the lower levels of area, and all ignition sources (non-explosion proof equipment) should be eliminated if flammable mixtures will be encountered. Remove decomposition products formed during welding or flame cutting of surfaces coated with this product. For baking finishes - vent vapors emitted on heating.

**Environmental Controls:** Emissions should comply with environmental protection legislation.

#### **Individual Protection Measures:**

<u>Hygiene measures</u>- Wash hands, forearms, etc. after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking, and using the lavatory, and the end of the work period. Use appropriate techniques when removing potentially contaminated clothing and wash before reusing. Know the locations of eyewash and safety showers.

<u>Respiratory Protection</u> - Provide adequate ventilation to keep exposure below permissible limits. If a risk assessment deems necessary, operator is to use a properly fitted, air purifying or supplied air respirator. Respirator selection must

be based on known/ anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product, and the safe working limits of the respirator.

Skin and Body Protection - Wear chemical resistant gloves (nitrile) and paint suits when necessary, based on risk assessment. The most suitable glove must be chosen in consultation with the gloves supplier who can inform about the breakthrough time of the glove material. PPE for the body should be selected based on the risks of the task being performed and approved by a specialist. Appropriate footwear should also be approved.

<u>Eye/Face Protection</u> - Wear approved chemical safety goggles where exposure to vapor or contact with eyes is possible. Eye wash stations should also be made available. If inhalation hazard exists, a risk assessment will determine if a full face respirator may be required.

# Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

Partition coefficient: Not determined

pH: N/a

% Volume Solids 0.00

U.S. VOC Wt/Gal (wet) 0.20

Odor: None Color: clear

Flash Point: 108°F,42°C

Autoignition Temperature: 399°C

Vapor Pressure: 3,3 kPa

Freezing Point: Not determined

Viscosity: Not determined

% Weight Solids 0.00 VOC Wt/Gal (wet) 0.21

Specific Gravity (SG) 0.991

Odor Threshold: Not determined

**Boiling Point:** 83°C

LEL/UEL: N/A

Evaporation Rate (nBuAc=1): Not determined

Vapor Density: 0.7

# Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

#### Stability and reactivity profile

This material is considered stable

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## The following materials should be avoided in contact with the mixture

N/A

## **Hazardous decomposition products**

N/A

## Section 11 - Toxicological Information

## **Mixture Toxicity**

Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 2,944mg/L

## **Component Toxicity**

67-63-0 Isopropyl alcohol

Oral LD50: 1,870 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal LD50: 4,059 mg/kg (Rabbit)

 $LC_{50}$  and  $LD_{50}$  toxicity for this product are merely estimates and have yet to be determined. For individual component ecotoxicity, please refer to Section 11.

## **Possible Routes of Entry**

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Ingestion

## **Potential Target Organs**

Eyes Skin Respiratory System

#### **Effects of Overexposure**

Not Available

## The following components are possible carcinogens

\*Materials labeled a carcinogen in dust form are supplied in solution, thus eliminating the hazard.

<u>CAS Number</u> <u>Description</u> <u>% Weight</u> <u>Carcinogen Rating</u>

None N/A

# Section 12 - Ecological Information

## **Mixture Ecotoxicity**

Toxicity- Do not release into environment. May cause long term adverse effects.

Persistence and degradability- N/A Bioaccumulative potential- N/A

Mobility in Soil- N/A

## **Component Ecotoxicity**

Isopropyl alcohol 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 9640 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50

Pimephales promelas: 11130 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus:

 $>1400000 \mu g/L$ 

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 13299 mg/L

96 Hr EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus: >1000 mg/L; 72 Hr EC50

Desmodesmus subspicatus: >1000 mg/L

## Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Controlled incineration is recommended for disposal of unused product. Prevent contamination of soil, drains and surface waters. Dispose of large containers to a licensed reconditioner. Dispose of small containers in compliance with local regulations.

Section	14 -	Transport	In	format	ion

Agency	Proper Shipping Name	UN Number	Packing Group	Hazard Class
DOT	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	UN1263	III	3
	May Ship LTD QTY			
IATA	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	UN1263	III	3
	Pkg Instr: Y344/355/366			
IMDG	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	UN1263	III	3
	FmS: F-F, S-F			

## Section 15 - Regulatory Information

The following chemicals are listed in California Title 8 CCR Sections as Hazardous Substances 67-63-0 Isopropyl alcohol

The following chemicals are listed in California Title 8 CCR Sections 5200-5220 as Carcinogens .

- None

The following chemicals are listed in California Title 8 CCR Section 5203 as Carcinogens

None

The following chemicals are listed in California Title 8 CCR Section 5209 as Carcinogens .

- None

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The following chemicals are listed in the EU-Substances of Very High Concern (2008/67/ED) (SVHC):

- None

The following chemicals are listed in the EU-Restriction of the use of certain Hazardous Substances (2011/65/EU) (RoHS):

- None

The following chemicals are included in the Global Automotive Declarable Substance List (GADSL)

None

The following substances are required for notification by the Japanese Enforcement Order of the Industrial Safety and Health Law (ISHL):

67-63-0 Isopropyl alcohol

The following chemicals are listed on the Massachusetts Right-to-Know Hazardous Substances List. 67-63-0 Isopropyl alcohol

The following chemicals are listed on the New Jersey Right-to-Know Hazardous Substances List. 67-63-0 Isopropyl alcohol

The following chemicals are listed on the Pennsylvania Right-to-Know Hazardous Substances List. 67-63-0 Isopropyl alcohol

The following chemicals are listed by the State of California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65):

- None

Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA) requires certain facilities manufacturing, processing, or otherwise using listed toxic chemicals to report their environmental releases of such chemicals annually. The following chemicals are listed:

- None

The following chemicals are listed in EPCRA (SARA) Section 313: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic Chemicals (PBT)

- None

The following chemicals are listed under EPCRA (SARA) Section 313: Toxic Release Inventory (TRI)

- None

Under Section 12(b) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), exporters may need to notify the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency if they export or intend to export a product containing a chemical substance that is present on this list. The following substances are contained within this material:

- None

The following chemicals are listed as a Hazardous Air Pollutant under listed under the U.S. CAA (Clean Air Act)

- None

Country	<u>Regulation</u>	All Components Listed
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Canadian Non-Domestic Substances List (NSDL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China (IECSC	C) Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Europe	REACH Registered or Pre-Registered Substances and Intermediates	Yes
Japan	Japanese Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Japan	Japan Inventory of Industrial Safety and Health Law Substances (ISHL)	Yes

KoreaKorean Existing Chemical Inventory (KECI)YesNew ZealandNew Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)YesPhilippinesPhilippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)YesUSAToxic Substances and Control Act (TSCA)Yes

#### **EU Risk Phrases**

Not Available

## Safety Phrase

**HEALTH** 

**FLAMMABILITY** 

PHYSICAL HAZARD

PERSONAL PROTECTION

Not Available

## Section 16 - Other Information

NFPA and HMIS use a numbering scale ranging from 0 to 4 to indicate the degree of hazard. A value of zero means that the substance possesses essentially no hazard; a rating of four indicates extreme danger. Although similar, the two rating systems are intended for different purposes, and use different criteria. The NFPA system was developed to provide an on-the-spot alert to the hazards of a material, and their severity, to emergency responders. The HMIS system was designed to communicate workplace hazard information to employees who handle hazardous chemicals.

## **Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)**

1

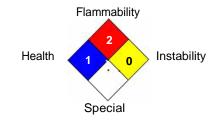
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# HMIS & NFPA Hazard Rating Legend \* = Chronic Health Hazard 0 = INSIGNIFICANT 1 = SLIGHT 2 = MODERATE 3 = HIGH

## National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be whether originating with the company or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.

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