# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

## Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Information



### PANNIER CORPORATION

207 Sandusky Street Pittsburgh, PA 15212

USA

**Product Code: FES 5120** Product Name: GREEN PAINT (FES)

Product Use: Paint

Not recommended for: Contact with food

#### www.pannier.com

Telephone: 412-323-4900 Email: sales@pannier.com 24 Hr Emergency Telephone: INFOTRAC 1-800-535-5053

Section 2 - Hazards Identification			
GHS Ratings			
Flammable liquid	2	Flash point < 23°C and initial boiling point > 35°C (95°F)	
Eye corrosive	2A	Eye irritant: Subcategory 2A, Reversible in 21 days	
GHS Hazards			
H225	Highly flamma	ble liquid and vapors	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.		
GHS Precautions			
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking		
P233	Keep container tightly closed		
P240	Ground/bond of	container and receiving equipment	

Use only non-sparking tools P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge P264 Wash contact area thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/light/manufacturer/equipment

with water [or shower].

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing.

P337+P313 IF eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use ... to extinguish. P403+P235

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Signal Word: Danger

P241

P242





## **Acute Toxicity**

**Conditions Aggravated** 

N/A

**Chronic Effects** 

N/A

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## Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS number	Weight Concentration %
Ethanol	64-17-5	50.00% - 60.00%
Titanium (IV) dioxide	13463-67-7	10.00% - 20.00%
Poly(Ethyl methacrylate/Methacrylic acid)	28572-98-7	13.00%
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	5.00% - 10.00%
Isopropanol	67-63-0	1.00% - 5.00%
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.10% - 1.00%

## Section 4 - First Aid Measures

INHALATION - Move affected person to fresh air, rest in a half upright position, and loosen clothing. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Seek medical advice after significant exposure.

EYE CONTACT - Flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Lift eyelids occasionally. Get prompt medical attention.

SKIN - Wash thoroughly with soap and water immediately. Remove all contaminated clothing immediately. Seek medical advice if irritation persists.

INGESTION - Seek medical advice. The decision to induce vomiting or not must be made by a physician after careful consideration of all materials ingested. Risk of aspiration into lungs.

## Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon Dioxide---Dry Chemical---Foam---Water Fog Use water for cooling material stored in vicinity of fire.

### **Explosion Hazards**

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to an ignition source some distance from material handling point. Ignition sources include pilot lights, smoking, heaters, electric motors, sparks from electrical switches and static discharges.

CAUTION: Never use cutting torch on empty containers! Residual solvent vapor in empty container may explode. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions, overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain Medical Attention.

### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

N/A

### **Recommended Fire Equipment**

Use self-contained breathing apparatus with a full-face piece operated in a pressure-demand or other positive pressure mode. Wear protective clothing.

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## Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

<u>Non-emergency personnel:</u> Evacuate and isolate the area and prevent access. Remove ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Notify management. Avoid breathing vapor or mist and put on protective equipment. Control source of the leak. Ventilate.

<u>Emergency responders:</u> See section 8 for any specialized clothing recommendations. Also reference the information for non-emergency personnel

<u>Environmental precautions:</u> Prevent further leakage or spillage if possible. Do not allow the material to spread to drains, sewers, water supplies, or soil.

<u>Small Spill:</u> Stop leak if possible and move containers from the spill area. Water soluble: dilute with water and mop up. Water Insoluble: Cover spill area with a suitable absorbent inert material (Kitty Litter, Oil-Dri, etc.) and dispose of in an appropriate metal waste container. Dispose of material through a licensed waste disposal contractor.

<u>Large Spill:</u> Stop leak if possible and move containers from the spill area. Approach release from upwind. Contain spillage and with non-combustible absorbent material and place in appropriate disposal container according to local regulations. Dispose of material through a licensed waste disposal contractor. Report spill to appropriate governing agencies if applicable.

## Section 7 - Handling and Storage

#### **Precautions for Safe Handling**

Keep away from food, drink and heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Do not breathe vapor. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Never use pressure to empty. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage temperature-

Minimum: do not freeze Maximum: 40°C (104°F)

Storage Period- See technical data sheet.

## Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits
Ethanol 64-17-5	1000 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m3 TWA	1000 ppm STEL	NIOSH: 1000 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m3 TWA
Titanium (IV) dioxide 13463-67-7	15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust)	10 mg/m3 TWA	N/A
Poly(Ethyl methacrylate/Methacrylic acid) 28572-98-7	15 mg/m3 PEL (Total Dust) 5 mg/m3 TWA (Respirable Dust)	N/A	N/A
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	400 ppm TWA; 1400 mg/m3 TWA	400 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 400 ppm TWA; 1400 mg/m3 TWA

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Isopropanol 67-63-0	400 ppm TWA; 980 mg/m3 TWA	400 ppm STEL 200 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 400 ppm TWA; 980 mg/m3 TWA 500 ppm STEL; 1225 mg/m3 STEL
Carbon Black 1333-86-4	3.5 mg/m3 TWA	3 mg/m3 TWA (inhalable fraction)	NIOSH: 3.5 mg/m3 TWA; 0.1 mg/m3 TWA (Carbon black in presence of Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, as PAH)

Engineering Controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other controls to keep air containment concentration below current applicable OSHA permissible exposure limit or ACGIH TLV limit, and volatiles below lower explosive limit. Heavy solvent vapors should be removed from the lower levels of area, and all ignition sources (non-explosion proof equipment) should be eliminated if flammable mixtures will be encountered. Remove decomposition products formed during welding or flame cutting of surfaces coated with this product. For baking finishes - vent vapors emitted on heating.

**Environmental Controls:** Emissions should comply with environmental protection legislation.

#### **Individual Protection Measures:**

<u>Hygiene measures</u>- Wash hands, forearms, etc. after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking, and using the lavatory, and the end of the work period. Use appropriate techniques when removing potentially contaminated clothing and wash before reusing. Know the locations of eyewash and safety showers.

Respiratory Protection- Provide adequate ventilation to keep exposure below permissible limits. If a risk assessment deems necessary, operator is to use a properly fitted, air purifying or supplied air respirator. Respirator selection must be based on known/ anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product, and the safe working limits of the respirator.

Skin and Body Protection- Wear chemical resistant gloves (nitrile) and paint suits when necessary, based on risk assessment. The most suitable glove must be chosen in consultation with the gloves supplier who can inform about the breakthrough time of the glove material. PPE for the body should be selected based on the risks of the task being performed and approved by a specialist. Appropriate footwear should also be approved.

<u>Eye/Face Protection</u>- Wear approved chemical safety goggles where exposure to vapor or contact with eyes is possible. Eye wash stations should also be made available. If inhalation hazard exists, a risk assessment will determine if a full face respirator may be required

## Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

Viscosity: Not determined	pH: N/A
% Weight Solids 36.20	% Volume Solids 20.33
VOC Wt/Gal (wet) 5.31	U.S. VOC Wt/Gal (wet) 5.31
Specific Gravity (SG) 0.999	Odor: N/A

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Odor Threshold: Not determined

**Boiling Point: 77°C** 

LEL/UEL: 2% - 19%

Evaporation Rate (nBuAc=1): Not determined

Vapor Density: N/A

Partition coefficient: Not determined

Color: Green
Flash Point: 25°F,-4°C

Autoignition Temperature: 363°C

Vapor Pressure: N/A

Freezing Point: Not determined

## Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

#### Stability and reactivity profile

This material is considered stable

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### The following materials should be avoided in contact with the mixture

Oxidizing agents

Strong acids

## **Hazardous decomposition products**

Carbon oxides

Titanium/titanium oxides

## Section 11 - Toxicological Information

### **Mixture Toxicity**

Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 331mg/L

### **Component Toxicity**

141-78-6 Ethyl acetate

Inhalation LC50: 1,500 ppm (Mouse)

67-63-0 Isopropanol

Dermal LD50: 4,059 mg/kg (Rabbit)

 $LC_{50}$  and  $LD_{50}$  toxicity for this product are merely estimates and have yet to be determined. For individual component ecotoxicity, please refer to Section 11.

## **Possible Routes of Entry**

Inhalation Skin Contact Eye Contact Ingestion

#### **Potential Target Organs**

Blood Eyes Liver Lungs Central Nervous System Reproductive System Skin

Respiratory System

### **Effects of Overexposure**

Not Available

## The following components are possible carcinogens

\*Materials labeled a carcinogen in dust form are supplied in solution, thus eliminating the hazard.

CAS Number Description % Weight Carcinogen Rating

13463-67-7 Titanium (IV) dioxide 10 to 20% Titanium (IV) dioxide: (\*dust)

NIOSH: potential occupational

carcinogen

IARC: Possible human carcinogen

OSHA: listed

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1333-86-4 Carbon Black

0.1 to 1.0% Carbon Black: NIOSH: potential

occupational carcinogen

IARC: Possible human carcinogen

OSHA: listed

## Section 12 - Ecological Information

#### **Mixture Ecotoxicity**

Toxicity- Do not release into environment. May cause long term adverse effects.

Persistence and degradability- N/A Bioaccumulative potential- N/A

Mobility in Soil- N/A

Component Ecotoxicity

Ethanol 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 12.0 - 16.0 mL/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50

Pimephales promelas: >100 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas:

13400 - 15100 mg/L [flow-through]

48 Hr LC50 Daphnia magna: 9268 - 14221 mg/L; 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 2

mg/L [Static]

Ethyl acetate 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 220 - 250 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50

Oncorhynchus mykiss: 484 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus

mykiss: 352 - 500 mg/L [semi-static]

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 560 mg/L [Static]

Isopropanol 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 9640 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50

Pimephales promelas: 11130 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus:

 $>1400000 \mu g/L$ 

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 13299 mg/L

96 Hr EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus: >1000 mg/L; 72 Hr EC50

Desmodesmus subspicatus: >1000 mg/L

Carbon Black 24 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: >5600 mg/L

96 Hr LC50 Brachydanio rerio > 1000 mg/L

72 Hr EC50 Algae > 10000 mg/L 3 Hr EC0 Activated sludge > 800 mg/L

## Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Controlled incineration is recommended for disposal of unused product. Prevent contamination of soil, drains and surface waters. Dispose of large containers to a licensed reconditioner. Dispose of small containers in compliance with local regulations.

### Section 14 - Transport Information

Agency<br/>DOTProper Shipping Name<br/>PAINTUN Number<br/>UN1263Packing Group<br/>UN1263Hazard Class<br/>3

## Section 15 - Regulatory Information

The following chemicals are listed in California Title 8 CCR Sections as Hazardous

Substances 1333-86-4 Carbon Black

67-63-0 Isopropanol

141-78-6 Ethyl acetate

64-17-5 Ethanol

The following chemicals are listed in California Title 8 CCR Sections 5200-5220 as Carcinogens.

None

The following chemicals are listed in California Title 8 CCR Section 5203 as Carcinogens

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- None

The following chemicals are listed in California Title 8 CCR Section 5209 as Carcinogens.

- None

The following chemicals are listed in the EU-Substances of Very High Concern (2008/67/ED) (SVHC):

None

The following chemicals are listed in the EU-Restriction of the use of certain Hazardous Substances (2011/65/EU) (RoHS):

- None

The following chemicals are included in the Global Automotive Declarable Substance List (GADSL)

- None

The following substances are required for notification by the Japanese Enforcement Order of the Industrial Safety and Health Law (ISHL):

1333-86-4 Carbon Black 67-63-0 Isopropanol 141-78-6 Ethyl acetate 13463-67-7 Titanium (IV) dioxide 64-17-5 Ethanol

The following chemicals are listed on the Massachusetts Right-to-Know Hazardous Substances List.

1333-86-4 Carbon Black 67-63-0 Isopropanol 141-78-6 Ethyl acetate 13463-67-7 Titanium (IV) dioxide 64-17-5 Ethanol

The following chemicals are listed on the New Jersey Right-to-Know Hazardous Substances List.

1333-86-4 Carbon Black 67-63-0 Isopropanol 141-78-6 Ethyl acetate 13463-67-7 Titanium (IV) dioxide 64-17-5 Ethanol

The following chemicals are listed on the Pennsylvania Right-to-Know Hazardous Substances List.

1333-86-4 Carbon Black 67-63-0 Isopropanol 141-78-6 Ethyl acetate 13463-67-7 Titanium (IV) dioxide 64-17-5 Ethanol

The following chemicals are listed by the State of California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65):

1333-86-4 Carbon Black 0.1 to 1.0 % Carcinogen 13463-67-7 Titanium (IV) dioxide 10 to 20 % Carcinogen 64-17-5 Ethanol 50 to 60 % Carcinogen

Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA) requires certain facilities manufacturing, processing, or otherwise using listed toxic chemicals to report their environmental releases of such chemicals annually. The following chemicals are listed:

- None

The following chemicals are listed in EPCRA (SARA) Section 313: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic Chemicals (PBT)

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The following chemicals are listed under EPCRA (SARA) Section 313: Toxic Release Inventory (TRI)

- None

Under Section 12(b) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), exporters may need to notify the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency if they export or intend to export a product containing a chemical substance that is present on this list. The following substances are contained within this material:

- None

The following chemicals are listed as a Hazardous Air Pollutant under listed under the U.S. CAA (Clean Air Act)

None

Country	Regulation	All Components Listed
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Canadian Non-Domestic Substances List (NSDL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China (IECSC	C) No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Europe	REACH Registered or Pre-Registered Substances and Intermediates	No
Japan	Japanese Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Japan	Japan Inventory of Industrial Safety and Health Law Substances (ISHL)	No
Korea	Korean Existing Chemical Inventory (KECI)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	Yes
Philippines	Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
USA	Toxic Substances and Control Act (TSCA)	Yes

#### **EU Risk Phrases**

Not Available

#### Safety Phrase

Not Available

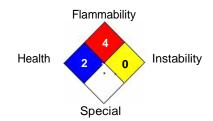
## Section 16 - Other Information

NFPA and HMIS use a numbering scale ranging from 0 to 4 to indicate the degree of hazard. A value of zero means that the substance possesses essentially no hazard; a rating of four indicates extreme danger. Although similar, the two rating systems are intended for different purposes, and use different criteria. The NFPA system was developed to provide an on-the-spot alert to the hazards of a material, and their severity, to emergency responders. The HMIS system was designed to communicate workplace hazard information to employees who handle hazardous chemicals.

#### **Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)**



#### National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be whether originating with the company or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.

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