SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Information



PANNIER CORPORATION

207 Sandusky Street Pittsburgh, PA 15212 USA

www.pannier.com sales@pannier.com

Information Telephone: (412) 323-4900 INFOTRAC 24hr: 1-800-535-5053

Product Name: D-1964 WHITE

Product Use: Ink

Not recommended for: Contact with food

	Section	on 2 - Hazards Identification		
GHS Ratings				
Flammable liquid	2	Flash point < 23°C and initial boiling point > 35°C (95°F)		
Skin corrosive	2	Reversible adverse effects in dermal tissue, Draize score: >= 2.3 < 4.0 or persistent inflammation		
Eye corrosive	2B	Mild eye irritant: Subcategory 2B, Reversible in 7 days		
Aspiration hazard	1	Aspiration Toxicity Category 1: Known (regarded)- human evidence - hydrocarbons with kinematic viscosity? 20.5 mm2/s at 40° C.		
GHS Hazards				
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor may be fatal if swallowed and enters			
H304	airways.	airways.		
H315+H320	Causes skin and eye irritation			
GHS Precautions				
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ surfaces Hot - No Smoking			
P233	Keep container tightly closed. Ground - ensure grounding of container and receiving equipment.			
P240				
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilation or lighting equipment. Use only non-			
P242	sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharge.			
P243	Wash throughly after handling. Wear protective gloves, clothing, glasses and			
P264	Mask.			
D200	Specific treatment is needed (see label). DO NOT induce vomiting. Take off			

P241	Ose explosion proof electrical, vertiliation of lighting equipment. Ose only non-
P242	sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharge.
	Wash throughly after handling. Wear protective gloves, clothing, glasses and
P243	Mask
P264	
P280	Specific treatment is needed (see label). DO NOT induce vomiting. Take off
	contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P321	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
P331	ii Svvallovvio. iiiiinediately call a POISON CENTER of doctor/physician

IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water P362 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

P301+P310 Rinse skin with water/shower P302+P352

IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact P303+P361+P353

lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

P305+P351+P338 If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention

In case of fire: Use ... for extinction

P332+P313 Lock up.

P337+P313 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool

P370+P378 P405 P403+P235 Signal Word: Danger



Acute Toxicity

N/A

Conditions Aggravated

N/A

Chronic Effects

N/A

Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS number	Weight Concentration %
Light hydrotreated distillate	68410-97-9	40.00% - 50.00%
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	20.00% - 30.00%
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	20.00% - 30.00%
Titanium (IV) dioxide	13463-67-7	1.00% - 5.00%
1,3-Butadiene, 2-methyl-, homopolymer	9003-31-0	2.00%

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

INHALATION - Move affected person to fresh air, rest in a half upright position, and loosen clothing. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Seek medical advice after significant exposure.

EYE CONTACT - Flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes . Lift eyelids occasionally. Get prompt medical attention.

SKIN - Wash thoroughly with soap and water immediately. Remove all contaminated clothing immediately. Seek medical advice if irritation persists.

INGESTION - Seek medical advice. The decision to induce vomiting or not must be made by a physician after careful consideration of all matterials ingested. Risk of aspiration into lungs.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon Dioxide---Dry Chemical---Foam---Water Fog Use water for cooling material stored in vicinity of fire.

Explosion Hazards

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to an ignition source some distance from material handling point. Ignition sources include pilot lights, smoking, heaters, electric motors, sparks from electrical switches and static discharges.

CAUTION: Never use cutting torch on empty containers! Residual solvent vapor in empty container may explode. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions, overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain Medical Attention.

Hazardous Combustion Products

N/A

Recommended Fire Equipment

Use self-contained breathing apparatus with a full-face piece operated in a pressure-demand or other positive pressure mode. Wear protective clothing.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

<u>Non-emergency personnel:</u> Evacuate and isolate the area and prevent access. Remove ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Notify management. Avoid breathing vapor or mist and put on protective equipment. Control source of the leak. Ventilate.

<u>Emergency responders</u>: See section 8 for any specialized clothing recommendations. Also reference the information for non-emergency personnel

<u>Environmental precautions:</u> Prevent further leakage or spillage if possible. Do not allow the material to spread to drains, sewers, water supplies, or soil. Contact **Pannier Corp** for assistance and advice.

<u>Small Spill:</u> Stop leak if possible and move containers from the spill area. Water soluble: dilute with water and mop up. Water Insoluble: Cover spill area with a suitable absorbent inert material (Kitty Litter, Oil-Dri, etc.) and dispose of in an appropriate metal waste container. Dispose of material through a licensed waste disposal contractor.

<u>Large Spill:</u> Stop leak if possible and move containers from the spill area. Approach release from upwind. Contain spillage and with non-combustible absorbent material and place in appropriate disposal container according to local regulations. Dispose of material through a licensed waste disposal contractor. Report spill to appropriate governing agencies if applicable.

Pannier requires that INFOTRAC be immediately notified (800-535-5053) when this product is unintentionally released from its container during its course of distribution, regardless of the amount released. Distribution includes transportation, storage incidental to transportation, loading and unloading. Such notification must be immediate and made by the person have knowledge of the release.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling

Keep away from food, drink and heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Do not breathe vapor. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Never use pressure to empty. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage temperature-

Minimum: do not freeze Maximum: 40°C (104°F)

Storage Period- See technical data sheet.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection Chemical Name / CAS No. **OSHA Exposure Limits ACGIH Exposure Limits Other Exposure Limits** N/A N/A Light hydrotreated distillate TWA: 300 ppm 68410-97-9 STEL: 500 ppm Petroleum distillates, N/A 200 mg/m3 TWA TWA 200 mg/m3 NIOSH hydrotreated light 64742-47-8 TWA: 1500 mg/m3 N/A N/A Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light 64742-49-0 Titanium (IV) dioxide 15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust) 10 mg/m3 TWA N/A 13463-67-7 Not Established Not Established Not Established 1,3-Butadiene, 2-methyl-, homopolymer

Engineering Controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other controls to keep air containment concentration below current applicable OSHA permissible exposure limit or ACGIH TLV limit, and volatiles below lower explosive limit. Heavy solvent vapors should be removed from the lower levels of area, and all ignition sources (non-explosion proof equipment) should be eliminated if flammable mixtures will be encountered. Remove decomposition products formed during welding or flame cutting of surfaces coated with this product. For baking finishes - vent vapors emitted on heating.

Environmental Controls: Emissions should comply with environmental protection legislation.

Individual Protection Measures:

9003-31-0

<u>Hygiene measures</u>- Wash hands, forearms, etc. after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking, and using the lavatory, and the end of the work period. Use appropriate techniques when removing potentially contaminated clothing and wash before reusing. Know the locations of eyewash and safety showers.

Respiratory Protection- Provide adequate ventilation to keep exposure below permissible limits. If a risk assessment deems necessary, operator is to use a properly fitted, air purifying or supplied air respirator. Respirator selection must be based on known/ anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product, and the safe working limits of the respirator.

Skin and Body Protection-Wear chemical resistant gloves (nitrile) and paint suits when necessary, based on risk assessment. The most suitable glove must be chosen in consultation with the gloves supplier who can inform about the breakthrough time of the glove material. PPE for the body should be selected based on the risks of the task being performed and approved by a specialist. Appropriate footwear should also be approved.

<u>Eye/Face Protection</u>- Wear approved chemical safety goggles where exposure to vapor or contact with eyes is possible. Eye wash stations should also be made available. If inhalation hazard exists, a risk assessment will determine if a full face respirator may be required

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

% Volume Solids 2.24

U.S. VOC Wt/Gal (wet) 6.11

Odor: Solvent

Color: White

Flash Point: 32°F,0°C

Autoignition Temperature: 220°C

Vapor Pressure: 5.9 mmHg

Freezing Point: Not determined

Viscosity: Not determined

% Weight Solids 5.12

VOC Wt/Gal (wet) 6.11

Specific Gravity (SG) 0.773

Odor Threshold: Not determined

Boiling Point: 90°C

LEL/UEL: 1% - 7%

Evaporation Rate (nBuAc=1): Not determined

Vapor Density: 4.1

Partition coefficient: Not determined

pH: N/A

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Stability and reactivity profile

This material is considered stable

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

The following materials should be avoided in contact with the mixture

Oxidizing agents

Strong bases

Strong acids

Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides

Titanium/titanium oxides

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Mixture Toxicity

Dermal Toxicity LD50: 4,206mg/kg

Component Toxicity

68410-97-9 Light hydrotreated distillate

Oral LD50: 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal LD50: 2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit) Inhalation LC50: 3,367 ppm (R

64742-49-0 Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light

Oral LD50: 2,000 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal LD50: 2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

 LC_{50} and LD_{50} toxicity for this product are merely estimates and have yet to be determined. For individual component ecotoxicity, please refer to Section 11.

Possible Routes of Entry

Inhalation Skin Contact Eye Contact Ingestion

Potential Target Organs

Central Nervous System Respiratory System

Effects of Overexposure

Not Available

The following components are possible carcinogens

*Materials labeled a carcinogen in dust form are supplied in solution, thus eliminating the hazard.

CAS Number Description % Weight Carcinogen Rating

None N/A

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Mixture Ecotoxicity

Toxicity- Do not release into environment. May cause long term adverse effects.

Persistence and degradability- N/A Bioaccumulative potential- N/A

Mobility in Soil- N/A

Component Ecotoxicity

Petroleum distillates, 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 45 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis hydrotreated light macrochirus: 2.2 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 2.4 mg/L

[static]

Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light

96 Hr LC50 Chaetogammarus marinus: 2.6 mg/L

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Controlled incineration is recommended for disposal of unused product. Prevent contamination of soil, drains and surface waters. Dispose of large containers to a licensed reconditioner. Dispose of small containers in compliance with local regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Information						
Agency	Proper Shipping Name	UN Number	Packing Group	Hazard Class		
DOT	PRINTING INK	UN1210	II	3		
DOT - LQ	PRINTING INK	UN1210	II	3		
	LTD QTY					
IATA	PRINTING INK	UN1210	II	3		
	Pkg Instr: Y341/353/364					
IMDG	PRINTING INK	UN1210	II	3		
	EmS: F-E, S-D					
IMDG - LQ	PRINTING INK	UN1210	II	3		
	LTD QTY					

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

The following chemicals are listed in Californa Title 8 CCR Sections as Hazardous Substances

- None

The following chemicals are listed in Californa Title 8 CCR Sections 5200-5220 as Carcinogens .

- None

The following chemicals are listed in Californa Title 8 CCR Section 5203 as Carcinogens

- None

The following chemicals are listed in Californa Title 8 CCR Section 5209 as Carcinogens .

- None

The following chemicals are listed in the EU-Substances of Very High Concern (2008/67/ED) (SVHC):

None

The following chemcials are listed in the EU-Restriction of the use of certain Hazardous Substances (2011/65/EU) (RoHS):

None

The following chemicals are included in the Global Automotive Declarable Substance List (GADSL)

- None

The following substances are required for notification by the Japanese Enforcement Order of the Industrial Safety and Health Law (ISHL):

13463-67-7 Titanium (IV) dioxide

64742-49-0 Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light

64742-47-8 Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light

The following chemicals are listed on the Massachusetts Right-to-Know Hazardous Substances List. 13463-67-7 Titanium (IV) dioxide

The following chemicals are listed on the New Jersey Right-to-Know Hazardous Substances List. 13463-67-7 Titanium (IV) dioxide

The following chemicals are listed on the Pennsylvania Right-to-Know Hazardous Substances List. 13463-67-7 Titanium (IV) dioxide

The following chemicals are listed by the State of California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65):

13463-67-7 Titanium (IV) dioxide 1 to 5 % Carcinogen

Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA) requires certain facilities manufacturing, processing, or otherwise using listed toxic chemicals to report their environmental releases of such chemicals annually. The following chemicals are listed:

- None

The following chemicals are listed in EPCRA (SARA) Section 313: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic Chemicals (PBT)

- None

The following chemicals are listed under EPCRA (SARA) Section 313: Toxic Release Inventory (TRI)

None

Under Section 12(b) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), exporters may need to notify the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency if they export or intend to export a product containing a chemical substance that is present on this list. The following substances are containted within this material:

- None

The following chemicals are listed as a Hazardous Air Pollutant under listed under the U.S. CAA (Clean Air Act)

- None

<u>Country</u>	<u>Regulation</u>	All Components Listed
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Canadian Non-Domestic Substances List (NSDL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China (IECSC) No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Europe	REACH Registered or Pre-Registered Substances and Intermediates	Yes
Japan	Japanese Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Japan	Japan Inventory of Industrial Saftey and Health Law Substances (ISHL)	No
Korea	Korean Existing Chemical Inventory (KECI)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	Yes
Philippines	Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
USA	Toxic Substances and Control Act (TSCA)	Yes

EU Risk Phrases Not Available

Safety Phrase

Not Available

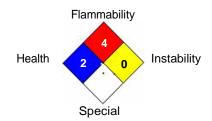
Section 16 - Other Information

NFPA and HMIS use a numbering scale ranging from 0 to 4 to indicate the degree of hazard. A value of zero means that the substance possesses essentially no hazard; a rating of four indicates extreme danger. Although similar, the two rating systems are intended for different purposes, and use different criteria. The NFPA system was developed to provide an on-the-spot alert to the hazards of a material, and their severity, to emergency responders. The HMIS system was designed to communicate workplace hazard information to employees who handle hazardous chemicals.

Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)

HEALTH 2 HMIS & NFPA Hazard Rating Legend * = Chronic Health Hazard PHYSICAL HAZARD 0 = INSIGNIFICANT 1 = SLIGHT 2 = MODERATE 3 = HIGH

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be whether originating with the company or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.

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